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Sake WILL MILL

### EVT 17-89

TRANSPORTABILITY TEST OF MAVERICK MISSILE IN CNU-399E/425E FIBERGLASS CONTAINERS



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Ogden Air Logistics Center
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EVALUATION DIVISION SAVANNA, ILLINOIS 61074-9639



US ARMY DEFENSE AMMUNITION CENTER AND SCHOOL

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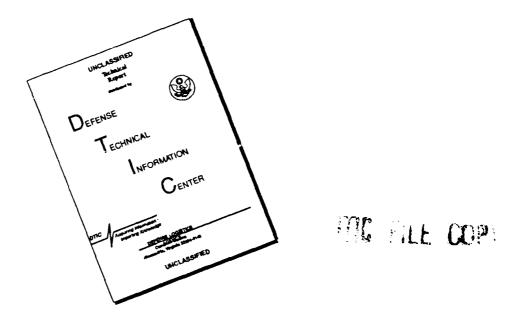
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19. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number) The U.S. Army Defense Ammunition Center and School (USADACS), Evaluation Division (SMCAC-DEV), was tasked by the Department of the Air Force, Ogden Air Logistics Center (AFLC), Hill Air Force Base, UT, to test outloading procedures for the CNU-399E and CNU-425E Missile Containers. These containers are expected to be shipped on an International Standards Organization (ISO) flatrack by rail, truck and ship. Nine containers were available for testing. Tests were performed with nine containers in a three-nigh configuration and eight containers in a two-high configuration. With the containers in a three-high configuration, the center of mass is too high for acceptable road transportation. A two-high by two-wide configuration is acceptable for all surface modes of transportation. The completed procedure will have Drawing Number 19-48-7122 for flatrack transportation.							
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### U.S. ARMY DEFENSE AMMUNITION CENTER AND SCHOOL Evaluation Division Savanna, IL 61074-9639

### REPORT NO. EVT 17-89

### TRANSPORTABILITY TEST OF MAVERICK MISSILE IN CNU-399E/425E FIBERGLASS CONTAINERS

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### PART 1

### GENERAL

### A. INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Army Defense Ammunition Center and School (USADACS), Evaluation Division (SMCAC-DEV), was tasked by the Department of the Air Force, Headquarters Ogden Air Logistics Center (AFLC), Hill Air Force Base, UT, to test outloading procedures for the CNU-399E and CNU-425E Missile Containers. These containers are expected to be shipped on an ISO Flatrack by rail, truck and ship. The completed procedures will have U.S. Army Materiel Command drawing number 19-48-7122 for Flatrack transportation.

### B. AUTHORITY

This test was conducted in accordance with mission responsibilities delegated by the U.S. Army Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command (AMCCOM).

Rock Island, IL. Reference is made to Change 4, 4 October 1974, to AR-740-1.

23 April 1971, Storage and Supply Operations; AMCCOM-R 10-17, 13 January 1986.

Mission and Major Functions of USADACS.

### C. OBJECTIVE

The objective of these tests was to determine if the Maverick Missile in a CNU-399E/425E fiberglass container on an ISO Flatrack would be suitable for a road, ship and rail transportation environment.

### D. CONCLUSIONS

Fiberglass Missile Containers, CNU-399E and CNU-425E should not be shipped in a three-high loading configuration. The load center of mass is too high for a stable load. A two-high configuration lowers the center of mass resulting in a more stable load.

The hold-down straps can be over tensioned. This causes the strapping board ends to be driven into the container top causing the fiberglass container top to crack.

### E. RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that caution notes be placed in the tiedown procedure drawing to limit hold down strap tension to a point where it will not cause the container top to crack. An additional shock absorbing material should be added between the container and the top strapping boards. Based on these test results, a two-high, two-wide, two-long load configuration is acceptable for all modes of surface transportation.

### F. APPROVAL

The loading procedure, 19-48-7122 of CNU-399E/425E Fiberglass Containers. as tested in a two-high, two-wide, two-long load configuration is approved. This approval only applies to the tested configuration. Deviations from the tested configuration are not approved. This approval does not constitute precedence for all modes of shipment until the final approved Storage and Outloading Procedures have been issued.

### PART 2

### ATTENDEES

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### PART 3

### TEST PROCEDURES

### A. RAIL IMPACT TEST

The test load or vehicle should be positioned in/on a railcar. For containers, the loaded container shall be positioned on a container chassis and securely locked in place using the twist locks at each corner. The container chassis shall be secured to a railcar. Equipment needed to perform the test includes the specimen (hammer) car, five empty railroad cars connected together to serve as the anvil, and a railroad locomotive. These anvil cars are positioned on a level section of track with air and hand brakes set, and with the draft gear compressed. The locomotive unit pulls the specimen car several hundred yards away from the anvil cars and, then, pushes the specimen car toward the anvil at a predetermined speed, disconnects from the specimen car about 50 yards away from the anvil cars and allows the specimen car to roll freely along the track until it strikes the anvil. This constitutes an impact. Impacting is accomplished at speeds of 4, 6, and 8 mph in one direction and at a speed of 8 mph in the opposite direction. The 4 and 6 mph impact speeds are approximate; the 8 mph speed is a minimum. Impact speeds are to be determined by using an electronic counter to measure the time required for the specimen car to traverse an ll-foot distance immediately prior to contact with the anvil cars.

### B. HAZARD COURSE

The specimen being tested will be subjected to the road hazard course.

Using a suitable truck/tractor or tactical vehicle, the vehicle/specimen of

test method No. 1 shall be towed/driven over a hazard course two times at a speed of approximately 5 mph. The speed may be increased or decreased, as appropriate, to produce the most violent load response.

### C. ROAD TRIP

Using a suitable truck/tractor and trailer, or tactical vehicle, the tactical vehicle/specimen load shall be driven/towed for a total distance of at least 30 miles over a combination of roads surfaced with gravel, concrete, and asphalt. Test route shall include curves, corners, railroad crossings, cattle guards, stops, and starts. The test vehicle shall travel at the maximum speed suitable for the particular road being traversed, except as limited by legal restrictions. This step provides for the tactical vehicle/specimen load to be subjected to three full airbrake stops while traveling in the forward direction and one in the reverse direction while traveling down a 7 percent grade. The first three stops are at 5, 10, and 15 mph, while the stop in the reverse direction is of approximately 5 mph.

### D. WASHBOARD COURSE

Using a suitable truck/tractor, and/or tactical vehicle, the specimen shall be towed/driven over the washboard course at a speed which produces the most violent response in the particular test load (as indicated by the resonant frequency of the suspension system beneath the load).

### E. SHIPBCARD TRANSPORTATION SIMULATOR

The test load (specimen) shall be positioned onto the Shipboard Transportation Simulator (STS) and securely locked in place using the cam lock at each corner. Using the procedure detailed in the operating instruction, the STS shall be started oscillating at an angle of 30 degrees plus or minus 2 degrees, either side of center and a frequency of 2-cycles-per-minute (30)

seconds plus 2 seconds total roll period). This frequency shall be maintained for at least 15 minutes during which time the load will be observed for apparent defects that could cause a safety hazard. The frequency of iscillation shall then be increased to 4-cycles-per-minute (15 seconds plus 1 second roll period) and the apparatus operated for two hours. If an inspection of the load does not indicate an impending failure, the frequency of oscillation shall be further increased to 5-cycles-per-minute (13 seconds plus 1 second cycle time), and the apparatus operated for four hours. The imperation does not necessarily have to be continuous; however, no change or adjustments to the load or load restraints shall be permitted at any time during the test. The test load (specimen) shall not be removed from the apparatus, after once being set in place, until the test has been completed or is terminated.

### PART 4

### TEST RESULTS

### RAIL IMPACT DATA

TEST NO. 1 DATE: 4 APR 1989

TEST SPECIMEN: TOFC with ISO Flatrack and nine CNU-399E/425E containers.

TEST CAR NO. TTWX 971960 LT. WT. 71,300 pounds

LADING AND DUNNAGE WT. 15,170 pounds

TOTAL SPECIMEN WT. 86,470 pounds

BUFFER CAR (5 CARS) WT. 220,000 pounds

IMPACT NO.	END STRUCK	VELOCITY	IMPACT	REMARKS
		(MPH)	FORCE	
•	forward	1.20		no damage
2	forward	4.56		no damage
3	forward	6.04		no damage
4	forward	8.24		no damage
5	reverse	8.18		no damage

### RESULTS FROM THE RAIL IMPACT TEST ON THE MAVERICK CONTAINERS DATE: APRIL 4, 1989

TAPE CHANNEL 6: RAIL COUPLER FORCE

TEST	SPEED MPH	PEAK VALUE POUNDS	DURATION MILLISECONDS	AREA POUNDS-SECONDS
	~			
IMPACT 1	4.56	67884.14	97.75	5262.77
IMPACT 2	6.04	72754.76	71.43	2762.38
IMPACT 3	8.24	106283.81	212.57	11594.57
IMPACT 4 (REVERSE)	8.18	171988.17	65.99	6929.79

1.80 TEST ON THE MAUERICK CONTAINERS 4 APRIL 1989 4.56 MPH, DATE: 1.00 RAIL IMPACT IMPACT 1: - 000. 6.40 4.80 1.60 3.20

RAIL COUPLER FORCE

Time in Seconds

TEST ON THE MAUERICK CONTRINERS 4 APRII. 1989 6.04 MPH, DATE: RAIL IMPACT IMPACT 2:

1.60 .000 4.80 3.20 6.40

COUPLER FORCE

TEST ON THE MAUERICK CONTAINERS 4 APRIL 1989 8.24 MPH, DATE: RAIL IMPACT IMPACT 3: 1.68 1.20 . 000 .800 .400

Time in Seconds

**KUIL** 

X 1.88

1.80

Time in Seconds .000 1.60 1.20 .808 .400

The standard of TEST ON THE MAUERICK CONTRINERS 4 APRIL 1989 8.18 MPH, DATE: RAIL IMPACT IMPACT 4:

X 1.00

NI

BUIL

POUNDS

CONFER FORCE

### RAIL TEST DATA

TEST NO. 2 DATE: 4 APR 1989

TEST SPECIMEN: CNU-399E/425E Missile Containers on Flatrack. Loading per Test Plan (Method 1).

PASS 1-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 MPH

PASS 1-B OVER SECOND SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 MPH

REMARKS: Top crossmembers of double wide containers cracked on center line.

PASS 2-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.095 MIN 6.3 MPH

PASS 2-B OVER SECOND SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 MPH

REMARKS: Top container lids cracked and rounded corner joints separated. Test aborted.

CONCLUSION(S): Subject blocking, bracing, tiedown procedures should be redesigned to afford more edge protection to the containers; a wider and thicker strapping board should be used to prevent breakage; and cleats should be added to the strapping board at the outside container edges for better load distribution. An additional shock absorbing material could be added between the container and the top strapping boards. Wider strapping boards could be used for better load distribution between the straps and the container.

### RAIL TEST DATA

TEST NO. 3 DATE: 3 MAY 1989

TEST SPECIMEN: CNU-399E/425E Missile Containers on Flatrack. Loading per Test Plan (Method 2).

PASS 1-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.11 5,16 MIN MPH REMARKS: For the rail impact test, nine missile containers were secured to a flatrack in accordance with the developed procedure. The flatrack was placed on a transportation chassis and was subjected to one pass over the hazard course. After the first pass at 5.16 mph (both sections), the strapping boards over the two-wide containers on the flat rack broke through at the  $4 \times 4$  blocked end on one side. One container lid was cracked under the strapping boards opposite the cracked end. One stacking aid on the container was smashed causing the container lid to crack at the mounting holes. CONCLUSION(S): Subject blocking, bracing, tiedown procedures should be redesigned to clear the stacking aids. An additional shock absorbing material could be added between the container and the top strapping boards. Wider strapping boards could be used for better load distribution between the straps and the container.

### ROAD TEST DATA

TEST NO. 4 DATE: 8 MAY 1989

TEST SPECIMEN: CNU-399E/425E Missile Containers on Flatrack. Loading per Test Plan (Method 3).

PASS 1-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

REMARKS: For the road hazard test, nine missile containers were secured to a flatrack in accordance with version 3 of the developed procedure. The flatrack was placed on a transportation chassis and was subjected to one pass over the hazard course. After the first pass at 5.68 mph (both sections), the strapping boards over the two-wide containers at the center of the load broke the container lids on each container (outside edge). Both containers were secured side-to-side with a 1-1/4-inch steel strap at the top layer.

CONCLUSION(S): Subject blocking, bracing, tiedown procedures should be

CONCLUSION(S): Subject blocking, bracing, tiedown procedures should be redesigned to distribute the stress loading over a larger surface of the containers. An additional shock absorbing material could be added between the container and the top strapping boards. Wider strapping boards could be used for better load distribution between the straps and the container.

### ROAD TEST DATA

TEST NO. 5 DATE: 9 MAY 1988

TEST SPECIMEN: CNU-399E/425E Missile Containers on Flatrack. Loading per Test

Plan (Method 4).

PASS 1-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

PASS 1-B OVER SECOND SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

REMARKS: No movement or damage to load

PASS 2-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

PASS 2-B OVER SECOND SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

REMARKS: No movement or damage to load.

30 MILE ROAD TEST: No damage to load.

PANIC STOP TEST: No damage or load movement.

PASS 3-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

PASS 3-B OVER SECOND SERIES OF TIES: 0.11 MIN 5.16 mph

REMARKS: No damage to load.

PASS 4-A OVER FIRST SERIES OF TIES: 0.10 MIN 5.68 mph

PASS 4-B OVER SECOND SERIES OF TIES: 0.095 MIN 6.00 mph

REMARKS: No damage to load.

WASHBOARD COURSE: No damage to load.

SHIPBOARD TRANSPORTATION SIMULATOR: No damage to load or flatrack.

### RAIL IMPACT DATA

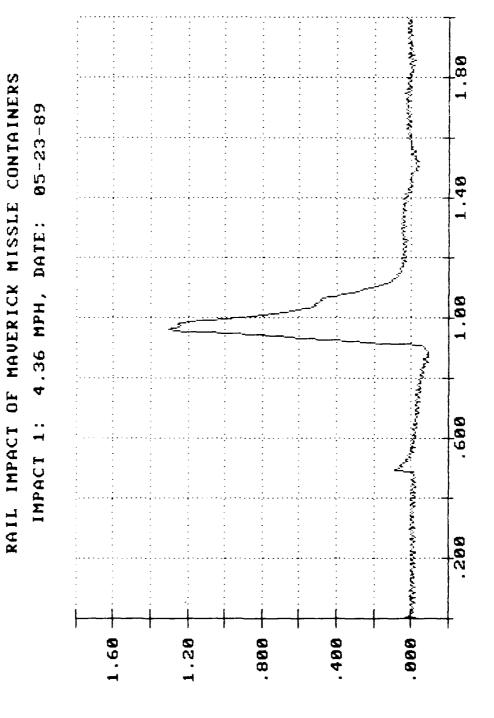
TEST NO. 6			DATE:	23 May 1989
TEST SPECIMEN: TOP	FC with ISO Flatrack	c and eight CNU-3	99E/425E	containers
TEST CAR NO. TTX	153621	LT. WT.	74,800	pounds
LADING AND DUNNAGE		WT.	14,083	pounds
	TOTAL S	SPECIMEN WT.	88,884	pounds
	BUFFER CAR	(5 CARS) WT.	221,000	pounds
IMPACT NO.	END STRUCK VE	LOCITY (MPH) REM	IARKS	
1	forward	4.36 No	load mov	ement or damage.
.2	forward	6.14 No	load mov	ement or damage.
3	forward -	8.32 No	load mov	ement or damage.
4	reverse	8.03 No	load mov	ement or damage.

### RESULTS FROM THE RAIL IMPACT TEST ON THE MAVERICK CONTAINERS DATE: MAY 23, 1989

TAPE CHANNEL 1: RAIL COUPLER FORCE

TEST	SPEED MPH	PEAK VALUE POUNDS	DURATION MILLISECONDS	AREA POUNDS-SECONDS
IMPACT 1	4.36	130320.84	208.72	13375.97
IMPACT 2	6.14	119364.99	137.70	12126.44
IMPACT 3	8.32	223161.44	69.08	11071.28
IMPACT 4	8.03	209960.94	73.05	11006.59

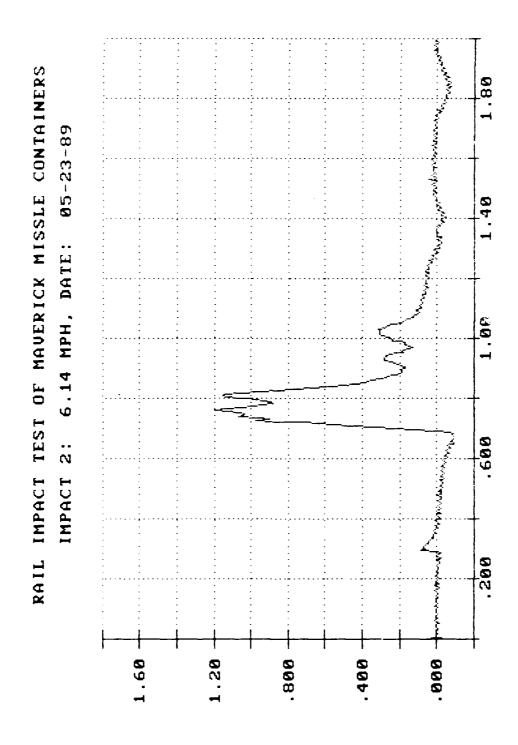
CONDEER FORCE



Time in Seconds

KUIL

00.000001 X 281 NI



Time in Seconds X 1.00

CONFER FORCE

RAIL IMPACT TEST OF MAUERICK MISSLE CONTAINER 05-23-89 8.32 MPH, DATE: IMPACT 3:

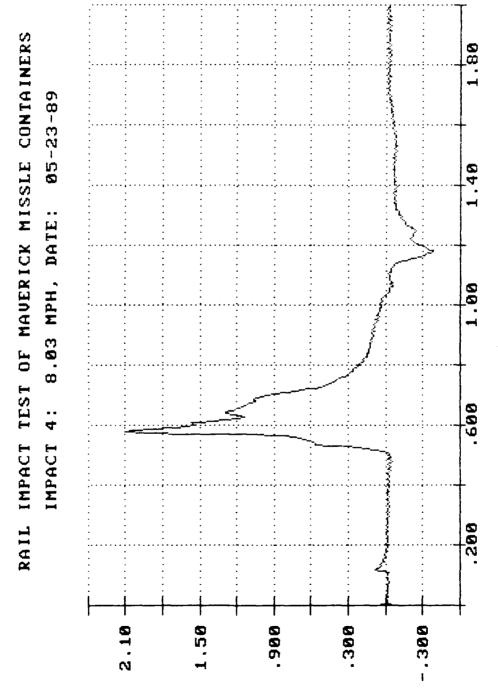
1.80 1.00 . 000 - June 1900. 1.20 2.40 .609 1.80

Time in Seconds

KUIL

00.00000t

COUPLER



Time in Seconds

### PART 5

### TEST PLANS

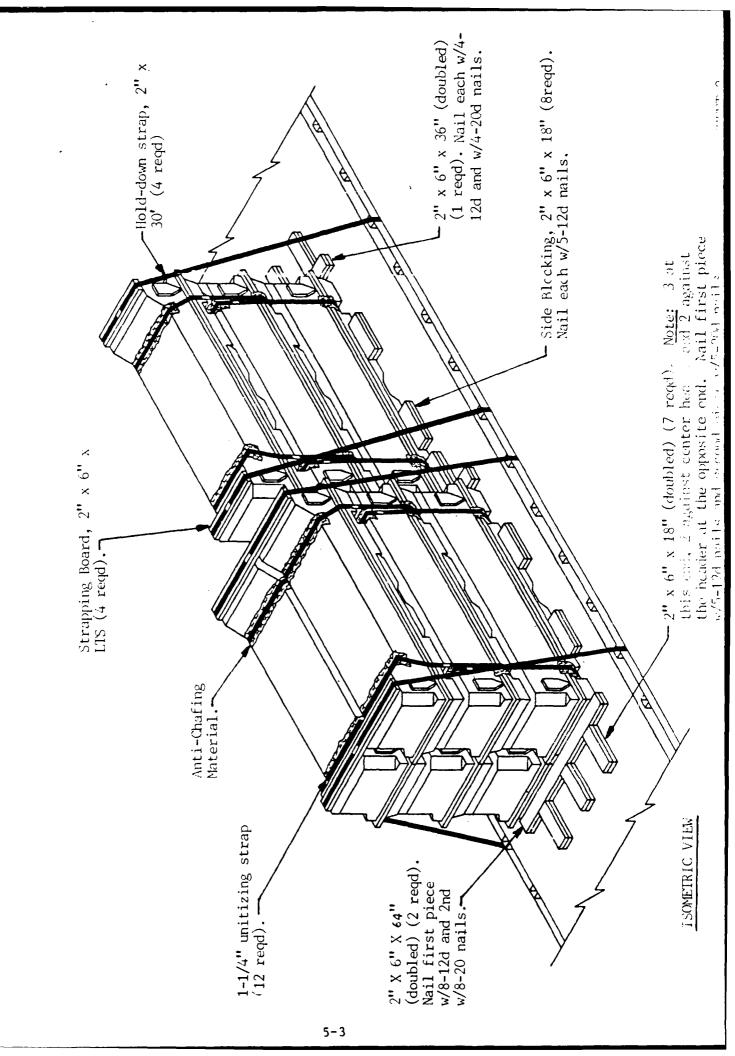
## TEST PLAN

# MAVERICK MISSILE IN CNU-425E CONTAINER

This 3-page sketch delineates a load of AGM-65 (MAVERICK) missiles on a flatbed trailer.

The load as shown is based on a shipment of nine (9) containers, however, up to eightcen (18) containers may be transported on a 40'-0" long flatbed trailer, by using similar procedures as depicted herein.

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	BIII. OF MATERIAL	
Lumber	LF	BF
2" x 6"	88	74
Nails	No. Reqd.	Pounds
12d 20d	135 55	2-1/4 2
1-1/4" Strap2" Strap1-1/4" Seals2" SealsAnti-Chafing	198' Reqd 120' Reqd 12 Reqd As Reqd	28 tbs 40 Lbs 1/2 Lb 2 Lbs

### LOAD AS SHOWN

WEIGHT (APPROX)	9,135 Lbs 163 Lbs	9,298 Lbs
DUNNAGE	6	
ITEM	CNU-425E	Total Weight

## TEST PLAN (METHOD 2)

## MAVERICK MISSILE IN CNU-425E CONTAINER

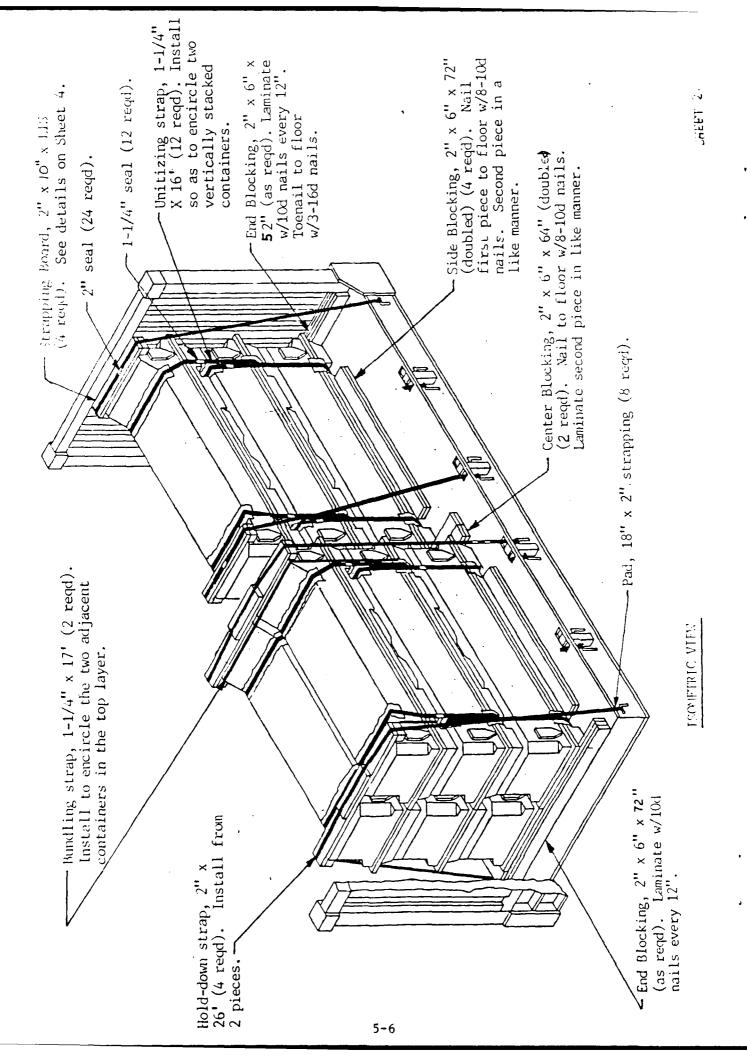
This 4-page sketch delineates a load of AGM-65 (MAVERICK) Missiles on an ISO flatrack container.

The load as shown is based on a shipment of nine (9) containers, however, up to twelve (12) containers may be transported on a flatrack container by using similar procedures as depicted herein.

Prepared during April 1989 by:

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Savanna, IL 61074-9639

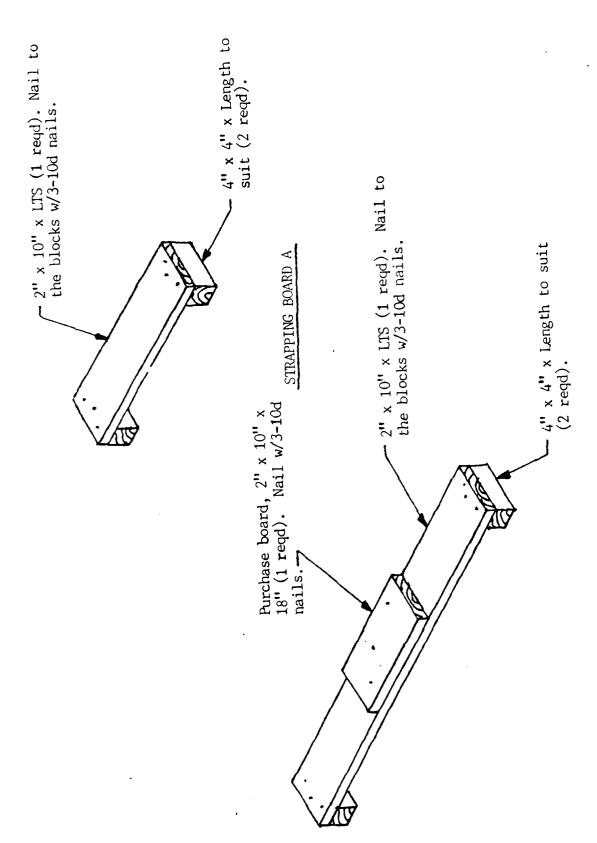


1.118 B11.1	BILL OF WATERIAL	
LUMBER	H.I.	BF
1" × 6" 2" × 6" 2" × 10" 4" × 4"	5 100 19 6	3 100 32 8
NAILS:	NO. REQD	POUNDS
6d 10d 16d	, 148 . 3	NIL 2 NIL
1-1/4" Strap2 2" Strap1 1-1/4" Seals2 2" SealsAnti-Chafing	-226' Reqd	32 Lbs 39 Lbs 1/2 Lb 5 Lbs

## LOAD AS SHOWN

QUANTITY WEIGHT (Approx )	365 Lbs	
ITEM	1 1	

Total Weight-----15,232 Lbs



STRAPPING BOARD B

## TEST PLAN (METHOD 3)

## MAVERICK MISSILE IN CNU-425E CONTAINER

This 3-page sketch delineates a load of AGM-65 (MAVERICK) Missiles on an ISO flatrack container.

The load as shown is based on a shipment of eight (8) containers.

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61074-9639

Savanna, IL

ISOMETRIC VIEW

BI	BILL OF MATERIAL. LINEAR FEET	KOARD FEET
1" x 6" 2" x 6" 2" x 10"	6 105 36	3 105 60
NAILS	NO. REQD	POUNDS
6d 10d 16d	35. 35. 9	1/2 2 NIL
3/4" Plywood 1-1/4" Strap 2" Strap 1-1/4" Seals 2" Seals	36 Sq Ft	28 Lbs 36 Lbs 1/2 Lb 4 Lbs 4 Lbs

5-11

Strapping board,
1-2" x 10" by LTS
and 2-3/4" plywood,
9-1/4" wide by LTS.
Laminate each piece
of plywood to the
2" x 10" w/1-6d
nail every 8".

STRAPPING BOARD ASSEMBLY A

Purchase board, 2" x 10" x 18" (doubled) (1 reqd). nail each piece w/3-10d

SHOWN	
AS SA	
LOAD	

ITEM	QUANTITY	WEIGHT ( APPROX )
CNU-425E Dunnage Flatrack		8,120 Lbs 477 Lbs 5,732 Lbs
	,	

Total Weight----14,329Lbs